

Marketing agricultural products

CHANGING LIVES
IMPROVING LIFE

John Cranfield
Department of Food, Agricultural &
Resource Economics



Some generalizations about consumers & food

1. Many consumers are creatures of habit

2. Some consumers demand more (quantity)

3. Some consumers are more demanding (quality/characteristics)

Witnessing change

 The market for food products has changed markedly in the last 20 (40, 60, 80, 100) years

Fragmenting consumer demand for food

 Many consumers looking for new or different food products...

...that are...

- More enjoyable to consume
- Easier to use
- Enhance health and/or wellbeing
- Evoke an emotional response
- Address issues important to consumer

A changing landscape

Shift from commodity world to a differentiated product world

Use of different production systems

 Production systems impart characteristics that are important to various consumer segments

Production based food attributes

Product and process attributes

- Verifiable or not? By whom?
 - Communication strategy (and what is your story)
- Standards
 - Public versus private standards
 - CND versus other countries
- Views of consumers versus civil society, and advocacy
 - GEOs; GMOs; gene editing; genomics
- Place of production
 - Local; G.I.s; terroir; identity preservation

Realizing potential value hinges on:

1. Satisfying a demand no one else can meet

2. Continually meeting consumer expectations

 While minding costs, profitability and, importantly, sustainability of business model and value proposition

Satisfying a demand no one else can meet

You have to have something someone else wants

- You have to have something no one else has
 - Rare/inimitable "asset"
 - Excludability
- Value created at consumer interface is a return to the "owner" of what is rare/ inimitable

Having something some one else wants

- Innovate to meet consumer needs
- (Science) Push versus (Demand) Pull
- Push strategies & technology
- Pull strategies can be successful, but you have to know what the consumer is looking for and what the consumer expects from the good

Meeting consumer expectations

- Expectations with respect to what?
- Performance of characteristics

- Quality of the <u>product</u> (i.e. a specific food product)
- Characteristics → Quality → Utility
 - Value-for-money (i.e. Utility/price)

Supply chains to value chains

- Process raw commodity
- Space, time, form the traditional commodity view
- Add identity and quality characteristics
- Move up (and down) the supply chain
 - Closer linkages with consumers, customers & suppliers (internalized)
- Different production practices/systems focused around intrinsic characteristics

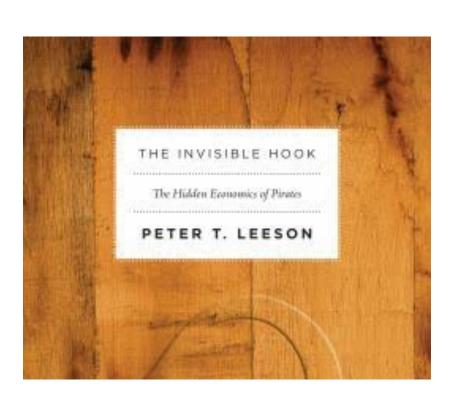
COMPLEXITY

Producer action related to value added

1. Take on space, time and form marketing functions

- Horizontal coordination & vertical integration to forge stronger ties (B2B; P2P; B2C)
- 3. New activity or practice to affect identity or quality characteristics of raw product (so its higher value)

Pirates and the economics of organization



- Order without government
- Private 'treaty'
- Choices, actions, consequences
- Incompleteness of 'contracts'
- VCs versus markets
- Facilitating environment

Building value chains

- Trust and relationships
 - B2B, P2P, B2C
- Brand & story
- Scalability, replicability & inimitability
 - Loss of value proposition? Commodification?
- Infrastructure



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THANK YOU!



